

Name: \_\_\_\_\_



# Smart Grammar Diagnostic Tests - At Home

## Instructions for Parents

This assessment helps determine your child's appropriate grammar level for our Smart Grammar program. Please follow these steps:

1. **Start with Level 0** for all children
2. **If your child scores 8/10 or higher**, proceed to Level 1
3. **If your child scores 8/10 or higher on Level 1**, proceed to Level 2
4. **Final placement** is based on the highest level where your child scores **6-7 correct answers**
5. **Sit with your child** during the test, but do not provide answers
6. **Allow 10 minutes** per level

이 평가를 통해 자녀의 적정 문법 레벨을 확인할 수 있습니다:

1. 모든 학생은 **Level 0**부터 시작합니다
2. **10점 중 8점 이상**을 받으면 다음 레벨로 진행합니다
3. **Level 1**에서도 **8점 이상**을 받으면 Level 2를 진행합니다
4. 최종 레벨은 자녀가 **6-7점**을 받은 가장 높은 단계입니다
5. 자녀 옆에서 함께하되 정답을 알려주지는 마세요
6. 각 레벨당 **10분** 소요됩니다

## Program Level Guide

<b>Level 0 (Beginner) - Grades 2-4 / 초등 2-4학년</b>	<b>Level 1 (Intermediate) - Grades 4-6 / 초등 4-6학년</b>	<b>Level 2 (Advanced) - Grades 6-8 / 초등 6학년-중등 2학년</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● Basic nouns, verbs, and simple sentences</li><li>● Foundation grammar for young learners</li><li>● 기초 명사, 동사, 간단한 문장 구조</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● Complex sentence structures and grammar rules</li><li>● Pronouns, verb tenses, and conjunctions</li><li>● 복잡한 문장 구조와 문법 규칙</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● Advanced grammar concepts for middle school</li><li>● Parts of speech, passive voice, and advanced structures</li><li>● 중학교 수준의 고급 문법 개념</li></ul>



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# GRAMMAR LEVEL ASSESSMENT

## LEVEL 0 ASSESSMENT

**Instructions:** Choose the best answer for each question. Circle A, B, C, or D.

**1. What type of word is "quickly" in this sentence? "The dog quickly ran across the street."**

- A) noun  B) adverb  C) adjective  D) verb

**2. Choose the correct form: "Every weekend, my family \_\_\_\_\_ to the beach together."**

- A) go  B) going  C) goes  D) gone

**3. What is the past tense of "teach"?**

- A) teached  B) taught  C) teaching  D) teaches

**4. Which sentence shows correct subject-verb agreement?**

- A) The children plays in the park.  B) The child play in the park.  
 C) The children play in the park.  D) The child are playing in the park.

**5. What is the past tense of "catch"?**

- A) catched  B) catching  C) caught  D) catches

**6. Choose the correct article: "I need to drink more \_\_\_\_\_ water to stay healthy."**

- A) a  B) an  C) the  D) no article needed

**7. Which sentence is in future tense?**

- A) She is going to perform in next week's concert.  
 B) She performed beautifully in last night's concert.  
 C) She has been performing in concerts since childhood.  
 D) She always performs with great confidence.



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**8. Choose the correct article: " \_\_\_\_\_ Pacific Ocean is the largest ocean in the world."**

- A) A  B) An  C) The  D) No article needed

**9. Where does the comma belong? "Before we left the house we checked all the windows."**

- A) Before we left, the house we checked all the windows.  
 B) Before we left the house, we checked all the windows.  
 C) Before, we left the house we checked all the windows.  
 D) No comma needed.

**10. Complete this sentence: "Neither the teacher nor the students \_\_\_\_\_ ready for the test."**

- A) is  B) am  C) are  D) be



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## LEVEL 1 ASSESSMENT

**Instructions:** Choose the best answer for each question. Circle A, B, C, or D.

### 1. Which is a proper noun?

- A) My aunt Sarah ○ B) my favorite aunt
- C) the aunt who lives nearby ○ D) an aunt from California

### 2. Choose the correct pronoun: "The teacher gave the award to Sarah and \_\_\_\_\_."

- A) I ○ B) me ○ C) myself ○ D) mine

### 3. Which sentence uses present perfect tense correctly?

- A) I already have finished my homework. ○ B) I have already finished my homework.
- C) I have already finish my homework. ○ D) I finished already my homework.

### 4. Choose the correct preposition: "She has been living \_\_\_\_\_ Korea \_\_\_\_\_ five years."

- A) at, since ○ B) in, for ○ C) in, since ○ D) at, for

### 5. Which sentence shows correct verb agreement?

- A) Neither the teacher nor the students was ready.
- B) Neither the teacher nor the students were ready.
- C) Neither the teachers nor the student were ready.
- D) Neither the teachers nor the student was ready.

### 6. Choose the correct relative pronoun: "The student \_\_\_\_\_ homework was excellent received an award."

- A) who ○ B) whom ○ C) whose ○ D) which

### 7. Which sentence uses past perfect tense correctly?

- A) I had finished my homework before dinner started.
- B) I have finished my homework before dinner started.
- C) I finished my homework before dinner had started.



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- D) I was finishing my homework before dinner started.

**8. Identify the dependent clause: "The book that I borrowed from the library is overdue."**

- A) The book is overdue ○ B) that I borrowed from the library
- C) I borrowed from the library ○ D) from the library is overdue

**9. Which sentence uses parallel structure correctly?**

- A) I like swimming, running, and biking. ○ B) I like swimming, to run, and biking.
- C) I like swimming, running, and to bike. ○ D) I like to swim, running, and biking.

**10. Choose the correct sentence:**

- A) Between you and I, this test is hard. ○ B) Between you and myself, this test is hard.
- C) Between you and me, this test is hard. ○ D) Between I and you, this test is hard.



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## LEVEL 2 ASSESSMENT

**Instructions:** Choose the best answer for each question. Circle A, B, C, or D.

### 1. Which sentence correctly uses a subordinating conjunction?

- A) I like pizza, and I like pasta too.
- B) Despite being tired, she finished her project.
- C) She is intelligent but sometimes careless.
- D) Would you prefer coffee or tea with dessert?

### 2. Which sentence uses conditional perfect correctly?

- A) If she would have called earlier, we could have helped.
- B) If she had called earlier, we could have helped.
- C) If she has called earlier, we could have helped.
- D) If she calls earlier, we could have helped.

### 3. Which sentence demonstrates correct use of passive voice?

- A) The experiment conducted by researchers was successful.
- B) The experiment was successfully conducted by researchers.
- C) The experiment was conducted by researchers successfully.
- D) By researchers, the experiment was conducted successfully.

### 4. Which sentence demonstrates correct sequence of tenses?

- A) She said that she will come to the party tomorrow.
- B) She said that she comes to the party tomorrow.
- C) She said that she would come to the party tomorrow.
- D) She said that she came to the party tomorrow.

### 5. Which sentence uses the perfect progressive tense correctly?

- A) She has been studying for three hours straight.
- B) She has been studied for three hours straight.
- C) She had been study for three hours straight.



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- D) She have been studying for three hours straight.

**6. Identify the sentence with correct parallel structure:**

- A) The job requires patience, dedication, and to be creative.
- B) The job requires patience, dedication, and creativity.
- C) The job requires being patient, dedication, and creativity.
- D) The job requires patience, being dedicated, and creativity.

**7. Which sentence correctly uses an appositive?**

- A) My friend Sarah, who is a doctor, lives nearby.
- B) My friend, Sarah a doctor, lives nearby.
- C) My friend Sarah, a doctor, lives nearby.
- D) My friend Sarah a doctor, lives nearby.

**8. Complete with the correct form: "The data \_\_\_\_\_ that students perform better with proper instruction."**

- A) shows ○ B) show ○ C) showing ○ D) shown

**9. Which sentence uses the correct form of "lay" vs. "lie"?**

- A) I'm going to lay down for a nap. ○ B) I'm going to lie down for a nap.
- C) I laid down for a nap yesterday. ○ D) I have laid down for naps before.

**10. Choose the sentence with correct pronoun-antecedent agreement:**

- A) Each student must bring their own lunch. ○ B) Each student must bring his or her own lunch.
- C) Each student must bring they own lunch. ○ D) Each students must bring their own lunch.

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# ANSWER KEYS

## Level 0 Answer Key

1. **B) adverb** - "Quickly" modifies the verb "ran," making it an adverb.
2. **C) goes** - "Family" is treated as a singular unit, requires "goes."
3. **B) taught** - Past tense of "teach" is "taught" (irregular verb).
4. **C) The children play in the park** - Plural subject "children" requires plural verb "play."
5. **C) caught** - Past tense of "catch" is "caught" (irregular verb).
6. **D) no article needed** - "Water" is uncountable; no article needed.
7. **A) She is going to perform in next week's concert** - "Going to" structure for future plans.
8. **C) The** - Use "the" with unique geographical features like oceans.
9. **B) Before we left the house, we checked all the windows** - Comma after introductory clause.
10. **C) are** - With "neither...nor," verb agrees with closest subject ("students" = plural).

**Scoring:** 8-10 correct = Ready for Level 1 | 6-7 correct = Level 0 placement | Below 6 = Needs foundational support

## Level 1 Answer Key

1. **A) My aunt Sarah** - Proper noun includes specific name with title.
2. **B) me** - Object pronoun after preposition "to."
3. **B) I have already finished my homework** - Present perfect = have + past participle.
4. **B) in, for** - "In" for countries, "for" for duration of time.
5. **D) Neither the teachers nor the student was ready** - Verb agrees with nearest subject ("student" = singular).
6. **C) whose** - Shows possession; "whose homework."
7. **A) I had finished my homework before dinner started** - Past perfect shows action completed before another past action.
8. **B) that I borrowed from the library** - Entire relative clause is dependent.
9. **A) I like swimming, running, and biking** - All gerunds create parallel structure.
10. **C) Between you and me, this test is hard** - Object pronoun after preposition "between."

**Scoring:** 8-10 correct = Ready for Level 2 | 6-7 correct = Level 1 placement | Below 6 = Level 0 placement

## Level 2 Answer Key

1. **B) Despite being tired, she finished her project** - "Despite" is a subordinating conjunction.
2. **B) If she had called earlier, we could have helped** - Third conditional uses past perfect in if-clause.



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3. **B) The experiment was successfully conducted by researchers** - Proper passive voice with correct adverb placement.
4. **C) She said that she would come to the party tomorrow** - Reported speech requires tense shift from "will" to "would."
5. **A) She has been studying for three hours straight** - Present perfect progressive = has/have + been + -ing.
6. **B) The job requires patience, dedication, and creativity** - All nouns create parallel structure.
7. **C) My friend Sarah, a doctor, lives nearby** - Correct appositive punctuation.
8. **B) show** - "Data" is plural in formal English; requires plural verb.
9. **B) I'm going to lie down for a nap** - "Lie" means to recline; "lay" requires an object.
10. **B) Each student must bring his or her own lunch** - "Each" is singular; requires singular pronoun agreement.

**Scoring:** 6-10 correct = Level 2 placement | Below 6 = Level 1 placement

## What These Results Mean

**Your child is at Level 0 (Grade 2-4 level):** Your child needs foundational grammar skills. They are performing at an elementary level and require basic grammar instruction to build confidence and understanding.

자녀는 Level 0 (초등 2-4학년 수준): 자녀는 기초 문법이 필요합니다. 초등학교 저학년 수준이며 자신감과 이해력을 기르기 위해 기본 문법 교육이 필요합니다.

**Your child is at Level 1 (Grade 4-6 level):** Your child has basic grammar foundation but needs intermediate concepts. They are performing at mid-elementary level and ready for more complex sentence structures.

자녀는 Level 1 (초등 4-6학년 수준): 자녀는 기본 문법 기초는 있지만 중급 개념이 필요합니다. 초등 중급 수준이며 더 복잡한 문장 구조를 배울 준비가 되었습니다.

**Your child is at Level 2 (Grade 6-8 level):** Your child has strong grammar fundamentals and is ready for advanced concepts. They are performing at middle school level and can handle sophisticated grammar structures.

자녀는 Level 2 (초등 6학년-중2 수준): 자녀는 문법 기초가 탄탄하며 고급 개념을 배울 준비가 되었습니다. 중학교 수준이며 복잡한 문법 구조를 다룰 수 있습니다.